

# ANALYSIS OF CAREER MANAGEMENT AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT AS A MEDIATION OF THE INFLUENCE LEADERSHIP ROLE ON WORK MOTIVATION IN BANK RAKYAT INDONESIA

*by* Respati Dan Pak Narung

---

**Submission date:** 15-Aug-2020 12:11AM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 1369610993

**File name:** Narung\_s\_Manuscript\_cek\_turnitin\_tanpa\_referensi.docx (125.25K)

**Word count:** 2373

**Character count:** 13309

# ANALYSIS OF CAREER MANAGEMENT AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT AS A MEDIATION OF THE INFLUENCE LEADERSHIP ROLE ON WORK MOTIVATION IN BANK RAKYAT INDONESIA

<sup>8</sup> I Gusti Gede Narung

<sup>1</sup>Master degree program in management, University of Merdeka Malang, Indonesia

<sup>2</sup> Achmad Firdiansjah  
Faculty of Economics and Business, University of Merdeka Malang, Indonesia

Harianto Respati  
(Corresponding Author)  
<sup>2</sup> Faculty of Economics and Business, University of Merdeka Malang, Indonesia  
E-mail: patidarma@yahoo.com

## Abstract

This research explores four factors, namely leadership positions, career management, career development, and work motivation for employees. The objectives of this study are to analyze and explain the impact of leadership's position on work motivation by examining career management and career development as they interfere. The respondents of this study are permanent employees of the marketing department of PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk. Malang Martadinata Branch Office. A total of 41 people were sampled in this study. The analysis techniques are descriptive and multiple linear regression for confirmation on a structural equation model created by the researcher. A quantitative approach was chosen to explain the influence between research variables. Data collection using questionnaires. The results of this study found that the role of leadership showed insignificant symptoms on work motivation, but had a positive impact if mediated by career management and career development.

**Keywords:** Leadership, Career Management, Career Development, Work Motivation.

## INTRODUCTION

Bank is business entities that collect funds from the community in the form of savings and distribute it to the community to improve the lives of many people. Banking was issued in the context of realizing a just and prosperous Indonesian society based on Pancasila and the Basic Law 1945. (Law-RI No. 7 of 1992 concerning Banking). Banks are a business of trust. Then it must provide good service which is a manifestation of the quality of human resources in the bank.

In terms of ownership, there are state-owned banks, private banks, and foreign-owned bank. State Bank (government) is a bank whose shares are majority-owned by the government or state. A private bank is a bank whose shares are owned by a private party and a foreign bank is a bank whose shares are owned by a foreign party. PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk. Is one of the state banks or governmental bank that focus on micro-businesses targeting small and medium enterprises (UMKM), therefore PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk. expanded credit to that sector which larger than other state-owned banks.

Motivation is a concept that the company usually uses to take care of its workers who have self qualifications, expertise, and experience according to the company's needs, Kaseger (2013).

Nowadays, the development of banking faces many obstacles and competition. Not only in the micro-level company but also greater level, national and internationally. It caused by the market climate which is changing quickly and continuously. To deal with these conditions, companies have to make greater efforts by increasing the company's competitiveness. Rising the competitiveness of the company is inseparable from the efficiency of the company's existing human resources. The company must empower their workers to remain motivated. In general, internal and external factors affect the motivation of the employees. Internal factors are factors that come from the worker's side such as promotion, work performance, work itself. External factors such as respect, obligation, and acknowledgment are factors that help the employee work (Sunyoto, 2103).

In previous empirical studies on the influence of the role of leadership on motivation, the results showed mismatch results. The results of Eva Varida N<sup>1</sup>lina MS (2018) and Amirah (2012) research explained that there was a strong and significant relationship between the role of leadership in motivating performance. In addition, if successfully mediated by career management and career development, the relationship between the leadership and job motivation will have a great impact, there is a discrepancy where in previous studies the influence of career development has a direct influence on work motivation, this is according to the results of the last study Nur Noza Zakiah (2014), Afriadie et al (2017), Jumiati Sasmita (2012).

Explanation of the research gap on the influence of leadership roles on work motivation, lead to career management and career development as the solutions for solving theoretical problems. Therefore, a structural equation model needs to be formed in this study. This study places career management and career development as moderating variables. Employee work motivation is the goal to be achieved by the leadership role to improve employee performance.

Based on the phenomenon explained that the target achieving work motivation for several indicators. The implementation of human resource management at PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persro) Tbk: Malang Martadinata Branch Office in the successful category. This study needs to examine the effect of career management truth and career development on work motivation by considering other factors, the role of leadership in BRI.

## THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

### Motivation.

Motivation will be important because it is expected that every employee will work hard and be enthusiastic to achieve high performance. According to Gibson (2013), Motivation is the force that drives an employee who gives rise to and directs behavior. Motivation is a psychological process arousing and directing behavior towards the achievement of goals or gold directed (Wibowo, 2010).

### Career Development.

Based on Dessler (2010) career development is a set of lifetime activities that contribute to exploitation, stabilization, success, and achievement in career. Career development (promotion) is expected by employees once workers would get better rights with this development than before, both material and non-material. Well-designed career development will help in determining the needs of employees with company goals.

### Career management.

Simaora (2001) claimed that careers can be observed from an objective and subjective viewpoint, from an objective career perspective a shift in beliefs, attitudes, and motives happening as someone is getting older, and from a subjective perspective career is the stage of someone's position during his lifetime. Career management as a career cycle for workers that involves career preparation, growth, career counseling, and career decision making.

### Role of Leadership

A role of leadership is a set of behaviors and efforts made by leaders related to improving the performance of marketers (Thoha, 2011). Leadership 's position in moving subordinates is vital; the leader has the authority and a very strategic task. Leaders who focus on skills and abilities will enhance procedural awareness of employees to support and inspire workers to learn new ways of doing jobs (Kohli et al., 1996).

### The Research Framework is:



Figure 1. The Structural Equation Modeling

## METHODOLOGY

### Research Design

The approach used in this study is the explanation method, in this study using three variables. Descriptive analysis is used to explain the picture of each variable studied and multiple linear regression analysis is used to determine the effect between the variables tested. The questionnaire was used to collect primary data. Respondents only chose answers according to the Likert scale on choice 1 is strongly disagree, 2 disagrees, 3 is neutral, 4 agrees and choice 5 strongly agrees.

### Sample and Population

Respondents in this study were 142 permanent employees of the marketing division of PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk: Malang Martadinata Branch Office. This research was conducted from January 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2020 to January 13<sup>th</sup>, 2020. The Slovin formula is used to determine the sample by considering the error rate of 5%, in order to obtain a total sample size of 42 of the 142 population of marketing personnel. Sampling uses simple random sampling that every employee has the same opportunity to answer the research questionnaire.

### Variable and Indicators

The role of leadership is measured by three indicators, namely the interpersonal role, the informational role, and the decision making role. Career management is defined by four indicators, namely career plans, career opportunities, career support, and career support data. Career development is measured by two indicators, namely career planning and career management. Work motivation is measured by two indicators, namely the motivation factor and the maintenance factor. The structure of the variables, indicators, and the number of research instruments is described in Table 1.

**Table 1. Variable, indicator dan research instrument**

Variables and Indicators	Number of instruments
Leadership Role (X1)	
Interpersonal role (X1.1)	2
Informational role (X1.2)	2
Decision Making Role (X1.3)	2
Career Management (Y1)	
Career Plan (Y1.1)	2
Career Chance (Y1.2)	2
Career Support (Y1.3)	2
Career Support Data (Y1.4)	2
Career Development (Y2)	
Career Planning (Y2.1)	3
Career Management (Y2.2)	3
Work Motivation (Y3)	
Motivation Factor (Y3.1)	3
Maintenance factor (Y3.2)	2
Total	25

## RESEARCH FINDING

### Respondent's Profiles

**Table 2. Profil Respondent**

Age	%	Education Level	%	Work Period	%
20-25 years	6,34	High school	1,41	1-3 years	15,49
26-30 years	23,24	Diploma	19,01	> 3-5 years	71,13
30-35 years	56,33	Bachelor	78,17	> 5-10 years	10,56
36-40 years	11,27	Magister	1,41	> 10 years	2,82
> 40 years	2,82				

According to the profile of respondents, most have Strata 1 (S1) education level which equal to 78.17%, it means that respondents at the educational level of Strata 1 (S1) have the potential on career development within work period between 3 to 5 years the respondent already has the ability and professional at work.

**Descriptive analysis Results**

Data Analysis is processed by using the SPSS program (Statistical Package for Social Science), there are four variables, ii indicators with a total of 25 items. The results of validity and reliability testing of 25 items/items proved to be valid from the probability of each instrument not exceeding than 5% of the error rate, it means that the respondent knew the purpose of the measurements contained in the questionnaire. The results of the reliability test of the research instrument showed a good level of reliability as proven by the value of Cronbach Alpha not exceeding the r-table value (0.308). The results of the descriptions for each indicator of the research variable and 25 instruments are presented. An explanation of the respondents' perceptions can be analyzed from the average value generated by the indicators and instrument items. The indicator that best describes the leadership role variable is the informational role, namely on the point of the leader supervising the work of subordinates. The indicator that best describes the career management variable is the company giving rewards to employees who have good performance. For career development variables, indicators that best describes career development is the existence of career opportunities in the company, while for the variable work motivation the indicator that best describes work motivation is an increase in work performance and employees feel valued by the company.

**Linear Regression Analysis Results.**

To create a structural equation model, regression is needed. The results of structural equation regression are:

First Structural Equation model :  $Y1 = 0,492x1 + 0,324 + e1$

Second Structural Equation Model:  $Y2 = 0,566x1 + 0,426 + e2$

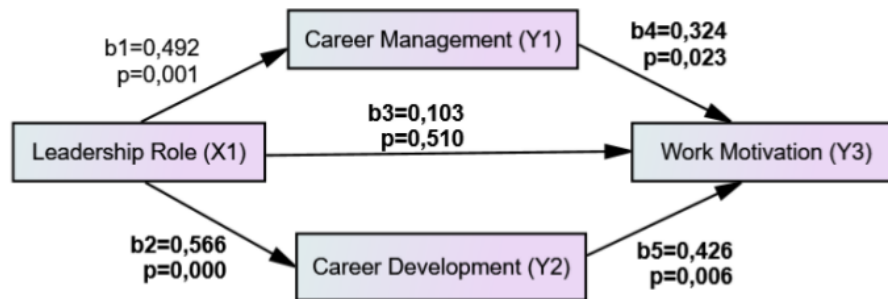
Note : X1 = Role Of Leadership

Y1 = Career Management

Y2 = Career Development

Y3 = Work Motivation

Result of structural equation modeling as described in Figure 2.



**Figure 2. Result of Path Analysis's Evaluation**

Figure 2. There are five coefficients of regression on the structural equation model. Coefficiencies of regression in the role of leadership towards motivation showed an insignificant relationship, while another 4 proficiencies of regression showed significant effects. The results of the path analysis showed in Table 2.

**Table 3. Results of Path Analysis**

Exogen	Variable		Direct Effect	Indirect Effect	Total Effect
	Mediation	Endogen			
Leadership Role	Career Management	-	0,492*	-	0,4922*
Leadership Role	Career Development	-	0,566*	-	0,566*

Leadership Role	-	Work Motivation	0,103	-	0,103
-	Career Management	Work Motivation	0,324*	-	0,324*
-	Career Development	Work Motivation	0,426*	-	0,426*
Leadership Role	Career Management	Work Motivation	0,103	0,492* $\times$ 0,324* 0,159	0,1592*
Leadership Role	Career Development	Work Motivation	0,103	0,566* $\times$ 0,426* 0,241*	0,2414*

Level of significant ( $p$ ) = 5%

Note: Path X1 toward Y3, showed insignificantly affected, so that the coefficient value 0,103 considered as Null ( $\beta_3=0$  or  $H_0$  accepted)

## DISCUSSION

Leadership Role, Career Management, and Career Development and Work Motivation first hypothesis showed that the role of leadership does not affect work motivation if it is not mediated by career management and career development. This contradicts the results of previous research conducted by Eva Varida Natalina MS (2018) with the title of the influence of leadership roles and job promotion on work motivation which has a significant impact on improving employee performance at Perum Peruri Karawang. It is concluded that leadership roles have a significant effect on work motivation.

The role of leadership on work motivation through career management partially and simultaneously there is a significant influence, this is supported by previous research conducted by Asnar (2012) with the title influence of the relationship between career management and employee work motivation of PT. Bank Negara Indonesia (Persero) Tbk; The Main Branch Office of the University of Indonesia, Depok, shows that career management has a significant effect on motivation. The application of career management in the company will impact on the work performance of employees, this is because the company provides rewards to employees who excel so that it will motivate employees to work well.

The results of the analysis showed that the role of leadership has a significant effect on work motivation through career development, this is supported by the results of previous research conducted by Nur Noza Zakiah (2014) with the title the influence of leadership roles and career development on the work motivation of PT. Bank BJB Tbk: Bandung Main Branch, shows there is a significant influence between career development and work motivation. Determination of career development will have an impact on employee motivation, this is because employees feel there are career opportunities in the company so that employees will continue to work optimally to achieve the desired career.

## CONCLUSION

The results of this research proved the roles of Leadership in PT. Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk: Malang Martadinata Branch Office studied the influence of motivation mediated by career management and career development. Then, the roles of leadership do not have a direct impact on motivation. Career management can indirectly affect the role of leadership in work motivation.

However, career development is the most dominant in mediating the role of leadership on work motivation. For this reason, further researchers are advised to conduct a deeper study of career development, namely by providing opportunities to develop the widest possible employee career to improve the quality of human resources to prepare human resources for the future.

# ANALYSIS OF CAREER MANAGEMENT AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT AS A MEDIATION OF THE INFLUENCE LEADERSHIP ROLE ON WORK MOTIVATION IN BANK RAKYAT INDONESIA

## ORIGINALITY REPORT

12%

SIMILARITY INDEX

4%

INTERNET SOURCES

5%

PUBLICATIONS

7%

STUDENT PAPERS

## PRIMARY SOURCES

1

Submitted to Universitas Airlangga

Student Paper

2%

2

Yosef Tonce, Achmad Firdiansjah, Junianto Tjahjo Darsono. "The Effect of Price Perceptions and Product Quality on Interest and its Impact on Purchase Decision Fabric Glove Sikka Motive in Maumere", International Journal of Advances in Scientific Research and Engineering, 2020

Publication

1%

3

Submitted to President University

Student Paper

1%

4

[ejournal.uniska-kediri.ac.id](http://ejournal.uniska-kediri.ac.id)

Internet Source

1%

5

Submitted to Universitas Jenderal Soedirman

Student Paper

1%

6	Internet Source	1%
7	<a href="http://ejournal.unp.ac.id">ejournal.unp.ac.id</a> Internet Source	1%
8	Viktor Eko Transilvanus, Junianto Tjahjo Darsono, Tanto Gatot Sumarsono. "The Impact of Workplace Environment, Motivation and Workplace discipline on Employees' Performance of Local Water Supply Utility at Sikka Regency, Indonesia", International Journal of Advances in Scientific Research and Engineering, 2019 Publication	1%
9	Submitted to School of Business and Management ITB Student Paper	1%
10	Nahason Sitohang. "RELATIONSHIP OF CAREER DEVELOPMENT WITH EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE IN PT HONDAMOTOR INDONESIA", International Journal of Research -GRANTHAALAYAH, 2019 Publication	1%
11	<a href="http://garuda.ristekdikti.go.id">garuda.ristekdikti.go.id</a> Internet Source	<1%
12	<a href="http://ejournal.unsrat.ac.id">ejournal.unsrat.ac.id</a> Internet Source	<1%



13

www.tandfonline.com

Internet Source

<1%

---

14

Submitted to Birkbeck College

Student Paper

<1%

---

Exclude quotes Off

Exclude matches Off

Exclude bibliography Off